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LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1	1-31. (Canceled)
1	32. (Currently Amended) A compound having a the formula which is
2	a member selected from the group:
3	$X - R - A - Q - (Y)_n$, $R - X - A - (Y)_n - Q$, $R - X - A - Q - (Y)_n$, and
4	$X - R - A - (Y)_n - Q$
5	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
6	wherein,
7	NA is a nucleic acid chain comprising nucleic acid monomers selected
8	from the group consisting of natural nucleic acids, modified
9	nucleic acids and combinations thereof;
10	R ¹ , R ² , R ³ and R ⁴ are linker moieties independently selected from the
11	group consisting of substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and
12	substituted or unsubstituted heteroalky1;
13	Nu ¹ and Nu ² are members independently selected from the group
14	consisting of nucleotide residues and nucleoside residues;
15	R is a molecular energy transfer donor;
16	Q is a molecular energy acceptor; and
17	X and Y are the same or different and are non-nucleic acid stabilizing
18	moieties that interact to bring R and Q into operative proximity,
19	thereby enabling transfer of energy from R to Q; and
20	n is 0 or 1.
1	33. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 32,
2	wherein said molecular energy transfer donor is a fluorophore.

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1	34. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 32,
2	wherein Q is a fluorescence quencher.
	25 (Duranian la Duranted). The compound according to claim 32
1	35. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 32,
2	wherein X and Y are both hydrophobic moieties.
1	36. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 35,
2	wherein X and Y are members independently selected from the group consisting of
3	saturated hydrocarbons, unsaturated hydrocarbons, steroids, fatty acids, fatty alcohols and
4	hydrophobic peptides.
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1	37. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 32,
2	wherein natural nucleic acids are members selected from the group consisting of
3	deoxyribonucleotides, ribonucleotides and combinations thereof.
1	38. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 37,
2	wherein said modified nucleic acids are peptide nucleic acids.
1	39. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 32,
2	wherein said nucleic acid monomers are joined by linkages that are members
3	independently selected from the group consisting of phosphodiesters and modified
4	phosphodiesters.
1	40. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 39,
2	wherein said modified phosphodiesters are members selected from the group consisting
3	of phosphorothioates and phosphoramidates.
1	41. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 32,
2	wherein said nucleic acid chain further comprises a hybridization enhancing moiety.

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1	42. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 41,
2	wherein said hybridization enhancing moiety is a member selected from the group
3	consisting of intercalating agents, minor groove binders and modified exocyclic bases.
1	43. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 32,
2	wherein X and Y are independently attached to members selected from the group
3	consisting of a natural base of said nucleic acid chain, a modified base of said nucleic
4	acid chain, a 3'-hydroxyl group of said nucleic acid chain, a 5'-hydroxyl group of said
5	nucleic acid chain, a 2'-hydroxyl group of said nucleic acid chain, and a linkage joining
6	nucleic acid groups in said nucleic acid chain.
1	44. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 32,
2	wherein said compound is immobilized on a solid surface.
1	45. (Previously Presented) A method for amplifying a polynucleotide,
2	wherein a compound according to claim 32 is a primer in said method, said method
3	comprising:
4	(a) hybridizing said primer to said polynucleotide; and
5	(b) amplifying said polynucleotide.
1	46. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 45,
2	wherein said amplifying is a member selected from the group consisting of polymerase
3	chain reaction (PCR), nucleic acid sequence based amplification (NASBA), strand
4	displacement amplification (SDA) and combinations thereof.
1	47. (Previously Presented) A method for detecting or quantitating a
2	nucleic acid, wherein the compound according to claim 32 is used as a probe, said
3	method comprising:
4	(a) hybridizing said compound to said nucleic acid; and



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5	(b) detecting a change in fluorescence of said compound, thereb
6	detecting or quantitating said nucleic acid.

- 1 48. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 47,
- 2 wherein said method comprises a member selected from the group consisting of 5'-
- 3 nuclease assay, rolling circle amplification and combinations thereof.
- 1 49. (Previously Presented) A kit for quantitating nucleic acid, said kit 2 comprising a compound according to claim 32.
 - 50. (Currently Amended) A compound having the formula:

4 wherein,

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5 CHOL is a cholesterol derivative;

R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are linker moieties independently selected from the group consisting of substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl;

Nu¹ and Nu² are members independently selected from the group consisting of nucleotide residues and nucleoside residues;

NA is a nucleic acid sequence;

D is a donor of light energy; and

Q is a quencher of light energy,

wherein each the CHOL moieties interacts with the other CHOL to bring

D and Q into operative proximity, thereby enabling transfer of

energy from D to Q.

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1 51. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 50,

2 wherein R¹ and R² are independently selected and have structures according to the

3 formula:

4

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6 wherein,

7 R¹¹ is a member selected from the group consisting of substituted or

8 unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl;

9 PEG is polyethylene glycol;

10 Y³ is an organic functional group adjoining said PEG to said CHOL.

1 52. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 51,

wherein said PEG has from about 2 to about 20 ethylene glycol subunits.

1 53. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 51 in

which R¹¹ is substituted or unsubstituted alkyl.

1 54. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 53,

wherein R^{11} is C_1 - C_6 substituted or unsubstituted alkyl.

1 55. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 51,

2 wherein Y³-CHOL has the structure:

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1	56. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 50,
2	wherein Nu ¹ and Nu ² are nucleotides having an exocyclic amine group to which -R ¹ -D
3	and -R ⁴ Q are attached, respectively.
1	57. (Previously Presented) A compound having the formula:

3 wherein,

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4	NA is a nucleic acid sequence;
5	Nu ¹ and Nu ² are members independently selected from the group
6	consisting of nucleotide residues and nucleoside residues;
7	Y ¹ and Y ² are linking groups independently selected from the group
8	consisting of substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or
9	unsubstituted heteroalkyl;
0	R ⁵ and R ⁶ are linking groups independently selected from the group
1	consisting of substituted or unsubstituted alkyl and substituted or
2	unsubstituted heteroalkyl;
3	D is a donor of light energy; and
4	Q is a quencher of light energy,
5	wherein each CHOL interacts with the other CHOL to bring D and Q into

58. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 57, wherein Y^1 and Y^2 are members independently selected from substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl.

operative proximity, thereby enabling transfer of energy from D to Q.

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- 1 59. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 58,
- 2 wherein Y^1 and Y^2 are polyethylene glycol.
- 1 60. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 59,
- wherein said polyethylene glycol has from about 2 to about 20 ethylene glycol subunits.
- 1 61. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 57,
- 2 wherein Y¹-CHOL and Y²-CHOL have the structure:

- 1 62. (Previously Presented) The compound according to claim 57,
- 2 wherein Nu¹ and Nu² are nucleotides having an exocyclic amine group to which -R⁵-D
- 3 and $-R^6Q$ are attached, respectively.